

THE MOUNTAINEER.

"DO WHAT IS RIGHT, LET THE CONSEQUENCE FOLLOW!"

SUPPLEMENT 3.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1860.

GRATIS.

THE MOUNTAINEER.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 15, 1860.

VOLUME TWO.

We cannot at present state the precise time within a few days when the Second Volume of the MOUNTAINEER will commence. Through the kindness of our neighbor and friend, the editor of the *Nes*, we have so far been enabled to present our readers, by way of supplement, with the record of current events. So shall we endeavor to continue till the commencement of the next volume, which, by leave of the elements, will be in the last days of the present month, or the first days of October.

In the mean time arrangements have been made and teams sent back to hurry on the outfit for next year's issue. It will be considerably enlarged in size; and having, at considerable expense, made arrangements for the latest telegraphic news from the East weekly, we have no hesitation in promising an interesting summary of news, if the editorial may not be so interesting as might be called for. We will, however, do to the best of our poor ability.

A list of Agents, whose kind services are solicited for the next year, is published this week. Some changes have been made in the list, but all at the request of parties. To all our former agents we are much indebted for the energetic aid they have rendered in the enlargement of the subscription list; and solicit the continuance of their help and influence.

For the information of our agents in regard to future subscriptions, we would state that our terms will be similar to those of the last year. Although it must be generally known that a considerable amount of the ready cash is required to pay for paper, ink, type, &c., we are desirous to supply all who wish the MOUNTAINEER; and shall only require agents to call for cash, where cash can be furnished.

Produce of the Territory of all kinds will be taken in payment at market prices. Those we regulate by the Tithing Office, which furnishes the only steady and consistent price-current of produce in the territory. The amount of freightage will of course be deducted. Under these conditions it cannot but be expected that payments should be made in advance.

DISCHARGE OF POLICE.

We learned with regret that the Police of this city was this week discharged. The more it is to be regretted as since their discharge, uninterrupted outrages have been committed against our city laws. Dragoons have been seen riding up and down the side-walks of Broadway in most ungallant style, at the risk of the lives of rambling babies or careless promenaders. The Mayor and City Council, who have the regulation of these matters, no doubt know their own policy best; but we miss from our side-walks two of the most efficient policemen that have appeared on our streets, and cannot anticipate substitutes who will do better.

Local News.

ARRIVAL.—Capt. B. H. Young's freight train, consisting of 16 wagons, arrived in this city yesterday. The cattle looked exceedingly well.—Capt. John Taylor's Iowa company are expected to arrive to-morrow or Monday.

RETURN OF TROOPS.—Company B. of the 2nd Dragoons, commanded by Lieut. Hight, passed through this city on Wednesday morning last, on their way to Camp Floyd from Fort Neuf. They report all quiet among the Indians north. The remainder of Col. Howe's command are expected to pass through this city in about ten days.

SAD ACCIDENT.—We are sorry to have to record the death by drowning of Don, son of Dr. Ezekiel Lee of Big Cottonwood. This occurred on the 11th inst. The little fellow was only fourteen months old. It appears that his mother went from the house for a short time, and the child, it is supposed, followed her, but having to go over a narrow bridge, across an aqueduct, he fell in, and before he was discovered the vital spark had fled.

JUDGE SINCLAIR'S SUCCESSION.—From information received by Pony Express, and through the courtesy of some of our friends, to whom we tender our sincere thanks, we learn that the Hon. Judge Crosby, appointed as the successor of Judge Sinclair, will, circumstances permitting, appear in our city on or about, as the law terms say, the 24th inst.

PROBATE COURT.

Hon. Elias Smith presiding. Saturday, Sept. 9, court met pursuant to adjournment, and the clerk read the minutes of the 6th and 7th, both of which were signed by the Judge.

The question of the admissibility of parole testimony in the case of Brigham Young, sen., vs. P. K. Dotson, was called, and his honor stated that he was ready to rule on the question.

Mr. Miner wished to present some authorities to the court before the ruling was made. In arguing against the admission of parole testimony, he called the attention of the court to quotations from several common law authorities.

Mr. De Wolf replied, and, after considerable discussion among the attorneys, the court ruled that the evidence the defense desired to introduce was not admissible.

The following witnesses were then examined on the part of the defense: John T. Caine, David O. Calder, Gov. A. Cumming, A. N. Hill and Peter K. Dotson.

Mr. Miner presented the case to the jury for the prosecution, and Mr. McCormick opened the argument for the defense.

The court took a short recess; after which Mr. Ferguson addressed the jury for the prosecution.

Mr. De Wolf followed for the defense, and made a concise, comprehensive and argumentative plea.

Mr. Ferguson concluded the argument to the jury, in which he briefly reviewed the testimony that had been presented, and in an able and gentlemanly review of the case contended that the defense had no evidence before the court that would have any weight with an intelligent jury like the one he was addressing.

The Judge charged the jury on the matters of law and evidence, and at 7.30 they retired in charge of the bailiff.

At half past nine o'clock the jury came into the court and returned a verdict for the plaintiff; viz., value of plates destroyed, \$1668; damages, \$648.66.

Court adjourned sine die.

J. V. Long, Reporter.

PROBATE COURT.

SEPTEMBER TERM.

Hon. Elias Smith presiding. On Monday, Sept. 10, the court was proclaimed open by the sheriff.

On motion of A. Miner, Esq., prosecuting attorney for G. S. L. County, the names of the following persons, who had previously given bail for their appearance at the present term of the court to answer certain charges, were called, viz., Henry E. Gibson, Jason Luce, Lot Huntington, Isaac Neibaur, Kenneth McKee and John M. Luce. All present.

The Judge said that all of their bonds would require their appearance in court from day to day until legally discharged by the court, except those of John M. Luce, of whom the court required new bonds in the penal sum of \$500, for his appearance from day to day until otherwise ordered, whereupon the said J. M. Luce executed the required bonds, with Patrick Lynch and Stephen Luce as sureties.

The case of Ruth Wilkinson vs. Charles Wilkinson, in divorce, which had been laid over at the June term, was called up. The parties failing to appear, the court ordered the case dismissed.

The grand jury came into court and presented true bills of indictment against James Banks, a negro, for larceny, and Henry E. Gibson for aiding in the escape of prisoners, after which the jury retired, and the court adjourned till to-morrow at 10 a.m.

Tuesday, Sept. 11, 10 a.m. Court met as per adjournment.

The grand jury came into court and presented a bill of indictment against Richard R. Pettit, endorsed "ignored." They also presented true bills of indictment against the following persons, to wit: Simon Baker, for assault; Henry Rich, for larceny; Jason Luce, for assault, with intent to kill; Lot Huntington and Isaac Neibaur, for riot. After which the court ordered a writ to issue for the arrest of Simon Baker, returnable forthwith; the other parties were already in custody.

Court adjourned till to-morrow at 9 a.m.

Wednesday, 9 a.m. A venire that had been issued for a traverse jury, was returned.

The prisoner James Banks was arraigned and plead "not guilty," and thereupon the court proceeded to impanel a jury to try the case.

Frank Pope, Jeter Clinton, Albert

Dewey, and Andrew Burt were sworn and testified on the part of the prosecution. There being no witnesses for the defense, Mr. Miner addressed the jury for the prosecution, and Mr. Stout for the defense.

The jury, being charged by the court, retired, and the court was in recess till 2 p.m.

The court resumed its session at the appointed hour.

Traverse jury came into court, and reported that they had found the prisoner guilty on the first count of the indictment, and fined him in the sum of \$150.

Grand jury presented a true bill of indictment against Wm. Peters for larceny, and also true bills against Kenneth McKee and John M. Luce, the former for riot and the latter for assault with intent to kill. The court adjourned the grand jury until Monday, the 17th inst.

The prisoner Henry E. Gibson was then arraigned and plead "not guilty." The court set to-morrow at 9 a.m. for the trial of the case.

Hosea Stout, Esq., counsel for William Peters, asked time to examine the papers and prepare his pleadings, which the court granted.

The following named persons were then arraigned on the indictments presented against them, to wit:

Jason Luce, for assault with intent to kill, plead "not guilty."

Isaac Neibaur, indictment for riot, plead "not guilty."

Lot Huntington, indictment for riot, plead "not guilty."

Kenneth McKee, indictment for riot, plead "not guilty."

John M. Luce, indictment for assault with intent to kill, plead "not guilty."

Court set Friday, the 14th, for the trial of Jason Luce; the trials of the other parties above named to follow in their order.

Henry Rich was arraigned on indictment for larceny, to which he plead guilty, and the court set 2 p.m. of to-morrow to inquire into the extent of the prisoner's crime.

H. Stout, Esq., filed a motion to quash in the case of the People vs. Wm. Peters. Question argued and held under advisement by the court.

Court adjourned till to-morrow morning.

Thursday, Sept. 13.

The case of the People vs. Henry E. Gibson was called up for trial, and Robt. T. Burton and James Alfred were sworn and testified on the part of the prosecution.

A. Miner, Esq., addressed the jury for the prosecution, and H. Stout, Esq., for the defense. The jury found the prisoner guilty as charged in the indictment, and fined him \$253.

Alma L. Smith was examined as a witness in the case of Henry Rich, who plead guilty on yesterday. Judgment deferred.

The case of Crawford Moore vs. Susan M. Moore was called up, and the court ordered and decreed that the bonds of matrimony heretofore existing between said parties be forever dissolved.

On motion of S. De Wolf, Esq., the court ordered that an alias execution issue in the case of H. S. Eldredge vs. George Goddard and Bradford Leonard, after which the court adjourned till to-morrow at 9 a.m.

Friday, Sept. 14, 9 a.m.

The case of Jason Luce was called. James Ferguson and W. I. Appleby, Esqs., appeared for the defense.

Richard Bush, Catherine A. Beach, Mrs. Read and Charles Johnson were examined for the prosecution.

Mr. Miner addressed the jury for the prosecution, and Mr. Ferguson for the defense; after which they retired, and the court took a recess for one hour.

Shortly after the court resumed its session, the jury came in and presented a verdict of guilty, and fined the defendant \$50.

The case of Isaac Neibaur was called for trial. Messrs. Ferguson and Appleby appeared for the defense. The following witnesses were examined for the prosecution: Thos. Ross, Peter K. Dotson, Robert J. Goiding, Albert P. Dewey and Andrew Burt.

Mr. Miner addressed the jury for the prosecution, and Mr. Ferguson for the defense.

The court instructed the jury in the law; they then retired.

At 6.25 p.m., the jury brought in a verdict of guilty, and fined the defendant \$100. The court ordered the defendant to pay the costs.

The jury were discharged from further attendance upon the court.

Court adjourned till to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

JOHN V. LONG, Reporter.

Communications.

PONY EXPRESS.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 11, 1860.

EDITOR MOUNTAINEER:

The following is an extract from the N. Y. Tribune of Aug. 14:

"The Pony Express.—We make the following extract from the letter of a distinguished army officer in Utah, relative to the recent menacing attitude of the Indians toward the Pony Express:

"The Mormon employees of this Company (Pony Express) toward Carson Valley, who are represented to be numerous, are not free from the suspicion of inciting the Indians to murder the stations and run off animals; the latter to themselves the amount due them from the Chopping; the late mail contractor, the character of the reported outrages, and the fact that the Indians, reported to be engaged in them, render probable the original supposition, that while not at the bottom of them altogether, the Express men in some degree have been the cause of them from Carson Valley, for the first time in several weeks. The California mail also came in the same way. They report the Indians troublesome; but nothing definite."

The author of the above is a most consummate liar, and a contemptible, dastardly poltroon. Respectfully, E. & S.

Home News.

This eastern mail, which arrived on Monday, brought us New York and other eastern dates to Aug. 18, and St. Joseph dates to the 21st.

GENERAL HARTY.—Washington news states that Gen. Hart, in compliance with an order issued more than six months ago, reported himself in person to the Secretary of War on Aug. 16th. He was relieved of the command of the department of Oregon at the instance of Lieut. Gen. Scott for reasons in connection with the San Juan difficulty. It is probable he will be court-martialed.

YOUNG STORIES.—NEARBY FORT LEVY, LAZ. A violent storm visited the suburbs of New Orleans on Saturday, Aug. 11, which caused immense damage to property. At Poydrasville, the terminus of the Mexican Gulf railroad, the water rose over twelve feet, submerging the entire place, and carrying away every house with the exception of one. Between thirty-five and forty lives were lost.

DISSENT.—The Editor of the *Southern Confederacy*, in answer to the question, "What will the South do if Abraham Lincoln is elected?" says:—"We answer this interrogatory by simply stating that the South will never permit Abraham Lincoln to be inaugurated President of the United States. This is a settled and sealed fact. It is the determination of all parties at the South. And let the consequences be what they may—whether the Potomac is crimsoned in human gore, and Pennsylvania avenue is paved ten fathoms in depth with mangled bodies, or whether the last vestige of liberty is swept from the face of the American continent, the South, the loyal South, the Confederate South, will never submit to such humiliation and degradation as the inauguration of Abraham Lincoln."

RECKENING.—It has been rumored that Mr. Breckinridge was about to resign. The *Constitution*, his organ, is silent on the subject, and, under the circumstances, considering the prevalence of the rumor, its silence is more significant than anything it could say. The Washington correspondent of the *World* says: "It is well known and admitted here, that he cannot be elected, and would commit political suicide if he should hang on to the end and fight the battle out." The *Herold* of Washington correspondent says there is a rumor current that Breckinridge has called a consultation of his friends to decide the propriety of his withdrawal. On the other hand, the *Courier* says that Breckinridge has authorized Mr. Stevens, Chairman of the National Executive Committee, to report that he thought of withdrawing or desired to withdraw. (This last statement we hope is the most correct.)

FROM DENVER.—MINING NEWS.—By Express yesterday we have Denver City dates to the 11th inst. The news is not important. The gold hunters are pursuing their avocations with varied, and we should judge in many instances, indifferent success. The papers have reports, in the main favorable, but from individuals named, we are compelled, as faithful journalists, to differ in their reports, but there is sufficient agreement among them that there is much disappointment among the fortune hunters in Jefferson Territory. Large numbers of wagons are on the way in, and thousands are assured, would come if they were not destitute of the means by which to reach their homes. Great destitution and suffering are anticipated the coming winter.—*St. Jo. D. Gazette*, Aug. 4.

NEWS FROM THE PLAINS.—Young's freight train Joseph W. Young, captain, contains 46 freight wagons, 4 wood and metal, 180 souls. Two days out from Florence, all well. This train is taking out the machinery for an extensive paper mill, weighing 22 tons. It is expected that the capacity of this mill is sufficient, when in operation, to supply the whole territory of Utah with paper.—*Huntsman's Echo*, Aug. 16.

THEFTS!—THIEVES!—A few weeks ago nineteen head of mules and four horses were stolen from Eldridge's freight train as they were camped at night some eighty-five miles above here. Shortly after, Mr. Savage lost three animals from his freight train whilst enroute here. On the heels of this, one of the Express men were stolen from the station across the river, next, neighbor Peck, three miles above, lost a horse; and on Tuesday, the 2d, two of the mail company's mules were stolen a little above Kearney. There seems to be a regular band of thieves in our neighborhood who are carrying on the business at wholesale. No stock, horse in this region whilst these thieves live in the country; and as we have no law, we see no way but to deal out justice by hanging or shooting these curses as fast as they can be found; until our country is rid of them. In less than twenty days over thirty head of stock have been stolen in this region. We can only advise extreme measures, to dampen the ardor of these thieving villains. Catch, then, bring them up.—The two mules mentioned by the editor in the above article, stolen from the Express Co., have been recovered. The thief escaped.—*Echo*, Aug. 16.

THE SIZE OF THE GREAT EASTERN.—In giving an account of the late trip of the Great Eastern, the *New York Post* says the great size of the ship was made more apparent after a few hours on board than at first sight. Friends would get separated and be unable to find each other till the next day. Dodworth's full band, with both brass and wood instruments, played all without being heard in the forward part of the

vessel, and parties of a hundred or more joined in the noisy games in one part of the vessel, ship knowing anything about it. The vessel took in at Annapolis 1,000 tons of coal, and 1,500 at N. York. It was thought that with this quantity the ship would reach Milford Haven in Wales.

The Great Eastern sailed on the 16th August for Halifax and Milford Haven.

Mayor Wood has dispatched his private secretary to Quebec to confer with Lord Lyons and the Duke of Newcastle, with reference to the public reception of the Prince of Wales in New York.

EXCITEMENT IN TEXAS.

The *New Orleans Phrygians* gives further particulars in regard to the excitement growing out of the suspected Abolition conspiracy.

The *Nacogdoches Chronicle* of the 7th inst., has the following items on the subject: The citizens of Cherokee county have organized for their own protection.

SMITH CONSPIRACY.—The man who was shot in the attempt to set fire to Tyler, has been found dead.

MORE INCENDIARISM.—Another attempt has been made to fire buildings near Tyler, also in Brenham and at Georgetown.

ELIAS COUNTY.—A young man who had been employed in a store at Waxahatchee, was hung a few days since for giving strychnine food to slaves to put in walls.

CHEROKEE NATION.—The *Pacific Press* speaks of a rumor that a bloody fight had taken place in the Nation, between Abolitionists and pro-slavery men, in which one hundred and fifty of the former were killed, and seven of the latter.

WOOD COUNTY.—On the 20th ult., an armed mob of about 100 men, escorted the notorious J. E. Lemmon out of Wood county. Just before this he signed a document binding himself under penalty of his life not to return to Wood county, nor publish or circulate Abolition documents in the State.

PERCIVAL HUGHES.—The *Fort Worth Chief*, of the 1st inst., says: "A preacher by the name of Hugh Hughes, who was the stationer of the name of being an active Abolitionist. A majority of 300 men condemned him."

BRIDGEMAN.—The *Brenham Range*, of the 10th inst., says: "A few days since several negroes were arrested on Mill Creek, in this county, who acknowledged to their having poisoned given them by white men, for the purpose of poisoning their owners and families, and that the day of election was the time fixed for a general insurrection. They also implicated some negroes about town as being concerned in the murderous plot."

Foreign News.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The weather continues showery, and anxiety relative to the crops was increasing.

Reports were current in England that the Government proposed to send Lord Stafford de Redcliffe as special envoy to Constantinople, to advise the Sultan.

Lord Brougham in the House of Lords, on August 3d, presented a petition from the anti-slavery society praying that immediate steps be taken to compel Spain to carry out her engagements for the suppression of the slave trade.

NAPOLEON AND ENGLISH DEFENSES.—The Emperor Napoleon has written a letter to the French Ambassador at London, in consequence of the proposition to increase the English harbor defenses, requesting the Ambassador to assure Lord Palmerston that he entertains none but the most friendly feelings towards England, and that his army and navy possess nothing of a threatening character. He says he has found much to improve in them, and that it is all he is doing.

The *N. Y. Tribune* of Aug. 18th, in commenting on the pacific professions of Louis Napoleon, says: "This man, of whom a Frenchman has lately said 'He seldom speaks, and yet he always lies'—now writes a letter to Persigny, discharging with professions of good will and disclaimers of evil designs toward Great Britain, the effect of which will doubtless be to hurry up her new fortifications. They can hardly be finished too soon. Napoleon tells the English that he desires only peace—that his Navy is still too small and his Army imperfect—he has really but four hundred thousand men under arms! He has great conquests to make—but they are all peaceful, and within the present limits of France. Interfering him by the rule of contraries, which experience has shown to be the only safe one, we look for a new and bloody European war to break out within the next year, and to see him at the head of an immense army in Italy or upon the Rhine. We do not think it too time for an invasion of England will come before 1862. It may never come; but that will not be his fault. We all know that invasion is one of the Napoleonic ideas, and any of these may be deferred, but never abandoned. So let John Bull strengthen his fleet and look well to his strongholds. These may save him; Napoleon's letters never will."

ARRIVALS IN LIVERPOOL.—We give the following from the *Liverpool Star*:—"By the steamship *Edinburgh* have arrived (July 27) from Utah, on missions to this land, Eldridge Lyman and Charles C. Rich, of the Quorum of the Twelve Apostles, accompanied by ten others—namely, F. M. Lyman, Joseph C. Rich, John Tobin, John Brown, James Brown 3rd, Joseph P. Smith, Samuel H. B. Smith, William H. Dame, Reuben A. M. B. Smith, and David M. Stuart. They were also accompanied by Mrs. Perry and daughter, on business to this country." J. W. Coward, Homer Duncan and P. Delamar arrived a few days later. N. V. Jones and Jacob Gates, in their valise, published in the *Star* of Aug. 11, says: "During the few months past, the numbers which have been added to the church by baptism, far exceed the numbers emigrated from this mission during the present year." "We now, with feelings of great pleasure, transfer the affairs of the European mission to Eldridge Lyman and Charles C. Rich, two of the Twelve Apostles, whose arrival we have been expecting for some time past."

LIST OF AGENTS.

GENERAL AGENT FOR THE EASTERN STATES.

Hon. Col. W. H. Hooper.

GENERAL AGENT FOR CALIFORNIA.

Dwight E. Leitch.

GENERAL TRAVELLING AGENT FOR UTAH TERRITORY.

J. H. B. Matien.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR CACILE COUNTY.

South M. Blair and Peter Maughan.

GENERAL AGENT FOR GREEN HILLS COUNTY.

Judge William Carter.

GENERAL AGENT FOR THE CALIFORNIA AND SALT LAKE MAIL ROUTE.

Howard Egan.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

San's Clara, Jacob Hamblin, Toon-wie, Joshua T. Wiley, Virgin City and Graham, Simeon E. Johnson; Washington, J. D. McCullough; Hamony, Wm. R. Davis.

IRON COUNTY.

Cedar City, Richard V. Morris; Parowan, James Lewis; Paragonah, Mariah Knig; Summit Creek, Seth Johnson.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Beaver, D. M. Thomas; Minersville, Jos. H. Rollins.

HILLARD COUNTY.

Fillmore, Jos. A. Ray; Cedar Springs, Levi Savage, jr.

SAN PETE COUNTY.

Menfi, Geo. Peacock; Fort Ephraim, H. F. Peterson; Mount Pleasant, Wm. Morrison; Moroni, G. W. Bradley; Fountain Green, G. W. Johnson; Spring Town, C. G. Lusen.

JUAB COUNTY.

Nephi, M. D. Hamblin; Willow Creek, J. H. Reese.

CEGAR COUNTY.

Camp Floyd and Fairfield, Messrs. Walker Bros.; Cedar Fort, J. Rodebeck.

UTAH COUNTY.

Groehn, Wm. Price; Santaquin, Wm. McBride; Payson, F. W. Young, and Sabin, Berbe & Co.; Piontown, H. B. M. Jolley; Spanish Fork, A. K. Thurber; Springville, A. Johnson; Provo, Wm. Miller and H. H. Cliff; Pleasant Grove, W. G. Sherrell; American Fork, L. E. Harrington; Lodi, David Evans; Alpine City, J. W. Vance.

GREAT SALT LAKE COUNTY.

Gardner's Mills, D. B. Allen; Dransville, David James; Union, D. S. Clements; Murrison, Ezekiel Lee and G. Boyer; Big Cottonwood, D. Brimton; Mill Creek, Franklin Naff; West Mill Creek, William Park; Taylorsville, S. Benjamin; Sugar House Ward, G. Stringham; South Cottonwood, A. Caloun and Jos. Hammond; Fort Herrington, J. J. Stocking.

TOOELE COUNTY.

Tooele City, Eli B. Kelsey; Grantsville, A. C. Brower.

SHAMBER COUNTY.

Rush Valley, Robert Miller.

DAVIS COUNTY.

Beautiful, W. S. Muir; Centerville, William Hueston; Farmington, Jos. Smith and Jas. Leitch; Kayville, C. Layton.

WEBER COUNTY.

Ogden, C. W. West; North Ogden, Thos. Dunn; East Weber, T. J. Osborne; South Weber, Ed. Cook.

BOX ELDER COUNTY.

Brigham City, S. Smith; North Willow Creek, — Hawkins (postmaster).

Advertisements.

LOST.

SINCE Monday, the 3rd inst., a red OX, with a white streak down the face, and some white on the hind legs. Whoever will bring said animal to me, will receive a handsome reward.

J. JOHANNES DIEM.

3-1-1. S. Utah Temple Street, G. S. L. City.

NOTICE.

IF the person who found a Hickory Walking STICK, at the Post Office, on Tuesday morning last, will leave it at the office of the MOUNTAINEER, he will be suitably rewarded.

3-1-1.

ESTRAYS.

I HAVE in my possession one red mule, 1 COW, white in the face. One white OX, branded F. L. on horns, reversed. A beard on his neck; with N. P. cut on it.

S. Foster, Poundkeeper.

G. S. L. City, Sept. 14th, 1860. 3-1-1.